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- A shut-down circuit configured for use with an electronic ballast coupled to a
  lamp in a control path, the circuit comprising:
  a device for sensing the electrical energy associated with the control path; and
  a sensing circuit for shutting down the ballast in the event that the energy does not conform to a predetermined condition.
- 2. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the energy is current indicative of lamp 2 installation or removal.
  - 3. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the energy is voltage indicative of arcing.
- 4. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the device for sensing the electrical energy associated with the control path is an isolation transformer.
- 5. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the device for sensing the electrical energy associated with the control path includes an optical isolator.
- 6. The circuit of claim 1, further including electronic componentry to disable the sensing circuit during initial energization of the lamp.
  - 7. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the sensing circuit includes:
- a node that should be at or near a predetermined electrical potential when the lamp is operating properly; and
- a switch coupled to the node that turns on or off to shut down the ballast if the node is not at or near the predetermined electrical potential.
  - 8. The circuit of claim 7, wherein the switch is a Schmitt trigger.
  - 9. The circuit of claim 3, including a high-pass filter or differentiator and

- 2 detector to detect high-frequency noise indicative of arcing.
- 10. The circuit of claim 3, including a phase-locked loop coupled to a low-pass2 filter to detect high-frequency noise indicative of arcing.
- 11. A shut-down circuit configured for use with an electronic ballast coupled to a lamp in a control path, the circuit comprising:

a device for sensing voltage fluctuations in the control path; and

- a circuit for shutting down the ballast in the event that the voltage fluctuations are indicative of arcing.
- 12. The circuit of claim 11, wherein the device for sensing the voltage 2 fluctuations in the control path is an isolation transformer.
- 13. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the device for sensing the electrical energy associated with the control path includes an optical isolator.
- 14. The circuit of claim 1, further including electronic componentry to disable the2 sensing circuit during initial energization of the lamp.
- 15. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the circuit for shutting down the ballast 2 includes:

a node that should be at or near a predetermined electrical potential when the lamp is 4 operating properly; and

a switch coupled to the node that turns on or off to shut down the ballast if the node is 6 not at or near the predetermined electrical potential.

16. The circuit of claim 15, wherein the switch is a Schmitt trigger.

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- 17. The circuit of claim 11, including a high-pass filter or differentiator and detector to detect high-frequency noise indicative of arcing.
  - 18. The circuit of claim 11, including a phase-locked loop coupled to a low-pass
- 2 filter to detect high-frequency noise indicative of arcing.